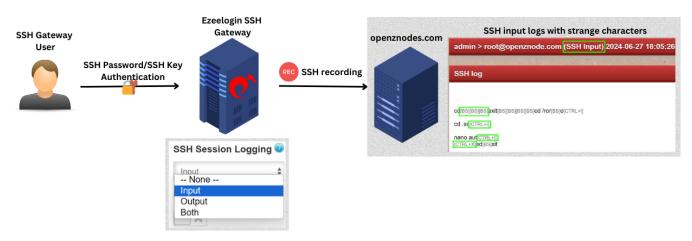
strange characters in the SSH logs recordings

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Invisible control characters in the SSH logs recorded

Overview: This article describes how the SSH session recording logs every key press of the Ezeelogin gateway users which appear as strange characters in the logs and explains the different modes in SSH session logging.



The <u>SSH session recording</u> feature logs every single key press including non-printable ones like the backspace key, CTRL keys, function keys, and others, resulting in the appearance of unusual characters in the logs.

```
qui[BS][BS][BS][BS][BS][BS][BS]root -----> [BS] would be a backspace cd .ssh ls -la nano au[CTRL+I] [CTRL+X]exit
```

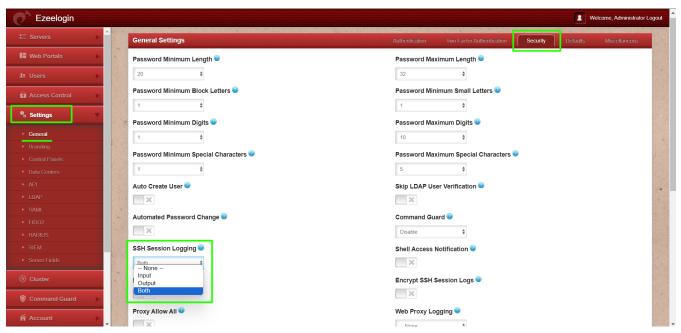
Different modes in SSH Session Logging:

- None: When the SSH session recording mode is 'None', it means no logging.
- Input:When the SSH session recording is set to 'Input' mode, it logs every single

- **character** sent to the STDIN file descriptor (**keyboard input**), capturing all the keystrokes during the SSH session, including invisible control characters.
- Output: When the ssh session recording is set to 'Output' mode it would record all the
 characters that goes to the STDOUT file descriptor which would be the outputs on the
 screen of the Ezeelogin gateway user and will not have the invisible control characters
 in it.
- Both: When the SSH session recording mode is "Both", it would record both the STDIN and STDOUT.

To Switch the SSH session recording mode:

Step 1: Login to Ezeelogin software GUI and navigate to **Settings** -> **General** -> **Security** -> **SSH Session logging**.



On the Ezeelogin gateway server, the <u>SSH session logs</u> are stored in the directory /var/log/ezlogin.

- The 'Input' session recorded are stored in the directory '/var/log/ezlogin/input'.
- The 'Output' SSH sessions recorded are stored in the directory '/var/log/ezlogin/output'. For pipelining the logs to SIEM software, we would recommend using the 'Output' SSH logs.
- The database stores only the metadata of the files containing the recorded SSH logs. The example below illustrates the SSH session logs stored in the database.

root@gateway:~# mysql \$(awk '/^db_name/ {print \$2}' /usr/local/etc/ezlogin/ez.conf)								
MariaDB [ezlogin_mpayl]> select * from gjbpe_sshlogs;								
++	+	+	-+	-++	+			
	 	+	+		+	+		+

id user_id server_id serveractivity_id ssh_user type status reason file comments encryption mexecid created mtime finished
++
1 1 1 1 root full end NULL /var/log/ezlogin/full/admin/root~Production
Server~Tue_May_28_12:14:35_2024 NULL 0 2024-05-28 12:14:37 2024-05-28 17:44:43 1
2 3 1 3 jini full end NULL /var/log/ezlogin/full/John/jini~Production
Server~Tue_May_28_12:34:00_2024 NULL 0 2024-05-28 12:34:01 2024-05-28 18:04:06 1
3 3 1 4 jini full end NULL /var/log/ezlogin/full/John/jini~Production
Server~Tue_May_28_12:38:01_2024 NULL 0 2024-05-28 12:38:04 2024-05-28 18:08:51 1
4 3 1 5 jini full begin NULL /var/log/ezlogin/full/John/jini~Production
Server~Tue_May_28_12:39:04_2024 NULL 0 2024-05-28 12:39:05 2024-05-28 18:09:05 0
5 3 1 6 jini full end NULL /var/log/ezlogin/full/John/jini~Production
Server~Tue_May_28_12:41:32_2024 NULL 0 2024-05-28 12:41:33 2024-05-28 18:11:36 1

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